

Several Shrubs Which Bloom for Early Spring

There is no time when bloom is so appreciated as in early spring. Most persons think of bloom in terms of low growing flowers, but actually there are several shrubs which give the first welcome bloom, according to G. D. Mathews, Superintendent, Dominion Experimental Station, Scott, Saskatchewan.

He goes on to say every lover of shrubbery should have Siberian almond (*Prunus nana*) because its single, small pink flowers, borne on a small bush usually rare the green grass in welcoming spring. Another, and perhaps more attractive early shrub found on the grounds at the Dominion Experimental Station, Scott, is flowering plum, (*Prunus ilio*) which has pink flowers like miniature roses closely held on the branches. Following quickly is spiraea oblongifolia, which under favourable conditions has large panicles of white bloom. Outstanding for its gracefulness in early spring is the choke cherry, (*Prunus virginiana*) with its large traces of white bloom.

Apart from shrubbery one should have certain bulbs to provide additional bloom for early spring.

Shortly after snow disappears the sky-blue bloom of scilla puts in its welcome appearance. If left undisturbed in corners of the flower garden they multiply and give their early greetings from year to year. Scillas maintain their bloom until the early spring tulips burst forth in their loveliness. Just as these are finished the Darwin tulips arrive to prolong the charm of bloom when flowers are so much appreciated. Darwin tulips should be better known because of their excellence when compared with the common tulip. Before these have finished along comes the iceland poppy which fills the gap until perennial flowers appear.

Reduced Fares to Public on Thanksgiving Day

Winnipeg.—Reduced fares will be in effect between all stations in Canada for Thanksgiving Day week-end, it was announced recently by the Canadian Railways. The reductions will provide low fares for four-day trips. Tickets at the rate of one and one-quarter times the regular first class one-way fare, good for the going journey from noon Friday, October 6, to noon on Monday, October 9. Return portions of these tickets will be good on trains leaving not later than midnight on Tuesday, October 10. In addition to the long week-end tickets, the Canadian railways have also arranged one-way trip tickets for both Sunday, October 8, and Monday, October 9, at the regular one-way fare for the return trip. These tickets will be good going any time after 1:00 a.m., either Sunday or Monday, and good for the return on trains reaching starting point not later than midnight the same day. Week-end tickets will also be good between Canadian points and certain destinations in the United States.

NOTICE

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—Take notice that the Municipal District of Battle River, No. 423, will offer for sale all lands in this District that have a 1932 Caveat registered against the title, in the month of November, unless the taxes against same are paid or arrangements made to Consolidate same by October 1st, 1933.

Also please note that parcels offered for sale November, 1932, and not sold will revert and title will be issued in the name of the Municipal District if the same provisions are not made.

CHAS. WILBRAHAM, Secretary, Treasurer, Municipal District of Battle River, No. 423, Irma, Alta.

Feeding of Beef Cattle

It is expected that some 3,500 head of beef cattle will be fed this winter under the rancher-farmer contract system which is to be continued for its fourth year, under the supervision of the provincial department of agriculture. John Wilson, who has been supervising the feeding arrangements in the Lethbridge district, has been re-engaged by the department for the work and his territory is being extended to as far north as Red Deer. Mr. Wilson is now working in the territory between Didsbury and Red Deer, where it is expected a considerable number of the cattle from the ranches will be fed this winter.

Papers Signed for Transfer Of New Property for Rink

The necessary papers have been signed for the transfer to the village of Irma of the property formerly belonging to the Farmers' Mutual Lumber Co. and Mr. G. A. Tripp. The village have purchased the above nine lots for the purpose of erecting an open air skating rink, ready for use this coming winter and at some future day to add to or more sheets of ice for curling. On Friday last, Messrs. Lukens, Kasten Bros. and Glasgow set in a four-horse team quite a number of men in the village also turned out and helped with the work in different ways. On Saturday Messrs. D. McLeod, W. Mitchell and Emil Wirth supplied the teams for the freemen. As soon as the clearing was completed the remainder of the levelling will be done.

Vegetables for Drought Area

Co-operative arrangements for the supply of potatoes and other vegetables this winter to families in the drought stricken areas in the south-eastern part of the province, have been completed between the provincial department of agriculture, the railways and the municipalities concerned. Supplies of potatoes are being secured by the department at Edmonton, loaded on cars in bulk direct from the fields. These supplies are being transported entirely free of freight cost by the railways to the required points in the dry areas, from where they will be distributed through the municipal secretaries to families who come for them to the shipping points, at the same rate at which they were secured by the department at Edmonton. The entire arrangement is a co-operative one made possible by the generosity of the railways and other agencies working with department, and the department appeals for supplies to those farmers who are interested in disposing of surplus vegetables at a reasonable price direct from the fields. Some 30 carloads of vegetables have been made possible by the generosity of the railways and other agencies working with department, and the department appeals for supplies to those farmers who are interested in disposing of surplus vegetables at a reasonable price direct from the fields. Some 30 carloads of vegetables have been made possible by the generosity of the railways and other agencies working with department, and the department appeals for supplies to those farmers who are interested in disposing of surplus vegetables at a reasonable price direct from the fields.

Jack Starkey Wins Jasper Totem Pole Golf Tourney

Jasper Park Lodge Alta., September.—For the first time in its life of eight years, the now much coveted Totem Pole golf trophy goes to Edmonton, Alta. After trying for eight successive years, Jack Starkey, had hitting Edmonton star, achieved his golfing ambition and won the trophy in the final game against Thomas Green of Seattle. The result was five and three and on the golf played, Starkey deserved to win. Mrs. S. C. Sweeney, Vancouver, captured the ladies' championship from Mrs. Sayward Wilson, Victoria, defending champion 2-1. The presentation of prizes by His Honor W. L. Walsh, Lieutenant-Governor of Alberta, and Mr. Walter Pratt, Montreal, officially brought to a close the greatest tournament in the history of the event.

Members W.M.S. Meet at Home of Mrs. Arnold

The September meeting of the W. M. S. was held at the home of Mrs. Arnold on Thursday, September 21st. Mrs. Osterhaut presiding. There were 12 members and seven visitors present.

The program published in the August issue of the Missionary Monthly was followed. Mrs. Parke and Mrs. Leake read the two devotional leaflets. It being "Blue Book" day, a number of educational items were extracted from the same; also the reading of the annual report and the constitution of the W.M.S.

The following Herolds gave a item on the country's they represent: Mrs. Fletcher, Korea; Mrs. Erickson, Bur Indian School Homes; Mrs. Shaw, New Canadians; Mrs. Stouffer, Africa; Mrs. Osterhaut, the Kingdom of God Movement; and in the absence of Mrs. Masson, Mrs. Parke read her paper on India.

The supply work was discussed and it was decided to assemble the quilt in the very near future. The meeting closed with a social half hour when Mrs. Masson and Mrs. Osterhaut, hostesses, served a dainty lunch.

ANGELIC CHURCH NOTES
The Harvest Thanksgiving service will be held in the United Church on Sunday, October 1st, at 3 p.m.

The W.A. will meet at the home of Mrs. Sanders, the 1st Tuesday of the month, October 3rd.

THE PRICE OF WHEAT IN RELATION TO THINGS THE FARMER BUYS

The following interesting article, appearing under the caption of, "The Searle Farmers' Index," is of especial interest to our farmer-readers. It is reprinted from the Searle Grain Co. Ltd., "Grain Market Features," issued September 21, 1933.

The Searle Index shows that the purchasing power of wheat over the "Things farmers have to buy" at the average country point in Western Canada, as of September 19th "Things farmers buy" calculated as of Aug. 1st stands at 60 per cent of what it was in 1913-14, which is precisely the same figure that it stood at a month ago, August 17th. The price of wheat at the country elevator is 75 per cent of what it was in 1914 (Aug. 17th it was 76 per cent), and the price of the "Things farmers have to buy" is 24 per cent higher than it was in 1913-14 (July 1st it was 26 per cent). The relatively low purchasing power of wheat, at this time, as compared with 1913-14, therefore is made up in part because the money price of wheat is lower than it was then and in part because the "Things farmers have to buy" cost more than they did in 1913-14.

Analyzing the 146 items which go to make up our total index of "Things farmers buy" we find that during the month the cost of 16 items of groceries increased 2 per cent, 37 items of clothing decreased 4 per cent, 29 items of household equipment increased 2 per cent, and 51 items of farm equipment decreased 6 per cent. The cost of farm machinery and municipal taxes stand at the same figure as the month previous.

This month we have departed from our usual practice of plotting on a chart the lines which show the fluctuations in the price of wheat and separately the fluctuations in the cost of the "Things farmers buy." Instead we have combined these two indices together and in this issue are showing them on a chart (herewith)

(The accompanying chart is a copy of one published in "Grain Market Features," a Grain Bulletin, issued by The Searle Grain Co. L. td.

INDEX OF PURCHASING POWER OF WHEAT Over "Things Farmers buy for production and living (1913-14: 100)



WHEAT—No. 1 Northern average country elevator point. "THINGS FARMERS BUY": 147 items: Food, clothing, home and farm equipment.

which indicates the variations that have occurred in purchasing power of wheat at a Western Canadian country point over the "Things the farmer has to buy" for production and living, all as compared with 1913-14.

The violent fluctuations of the national currencies of the world occurring daily, both in terms of each other and in relationship to gold, have created such a complicated situation that it is exceedingly difficult to arrive at a clear understanding as to just what any stated money price means as far as value is concerned when it is applied to a product such as wheat that is bought and sold upon the world's markets.

Wheat is commonly quoted daily in terms of the British Pound Sterling, the American Dollar and the Canadian Dollar. These currencies are continually changing in value in relationship to each other. The recent World Wheat Agreement, furthermore, has brought sharply to mind the necessity of keeping in view and recording the price of wheat, not only in Dollars and in Sterling, but also in French Francs and as well in Gold.

These money and exchange complications make it difficult to appreciate buy. This maladjustment, we believe, is one of, if not the most important factor, that has been responsible for the curtailment in the free

flow of goods commodities and services between rural and urban people, and the consequent great increase in purchasing power or demand for goods and commodities.

As the same equilibrium is restored between the two sets of prices—agricultural and industrial—that existed, as our Index has so clearly shown in 1914 and between 1921 and 1929 then will the farmers' buying power increase and prosperity once again come to the world for farmers form almost 50 per cent of the buying power of Canada and, it has been estimated, not less than 70 per cent of buying power of the world.

Adjustment of Prices
This desired equilibrium and better adjustment of prices can come about by the price of wheat rising to the equivalent of the present price level of the "Things farmers have to buy," in which case wheat which is now approximately 50 cents a bushel at the average country elevator (it was 67 cents in 1913-14) would have to rise to 85 cents or more at the same country point, or the same equilibrium would be restored if the price of the "Things farmers have to buy" which now average 24 per cent higher than they were in 1913-14 can be brought down to that 1913-14 level, provided wheat eventually rises in price to the pre-war level as many consider it

just what the value of wheat really is, when quoted for instance as 5 shillings per 100 pounds in Sterling at Liverpool, 70 cents a bushel in Canadian currency at Winnipeg, 90 cents a bushel in U.S.A. Dollars at Chicago and 50 cents per bushel in Gold Dollars or 10-1-2 Gold Francs per quintal on the World's markets.

This illustrates the great difficulties that come into the merchandising, or flow of a product to market when one commonly accepted international standard such as Gold used to be, is no longer in general use.

With all this, however, there is one standard which the Canadian wheat grower can use regardless of fluctuations of national currencies, and which standard will enable him at all times to determine, to himself at least, the value of his wheat. This standard is the amount of goods that the Canadian farmer's bushel of wheat will exchange for at his country point, or what might be termed the purchasing power of his wheat.

Doctor Fred C. Howe, who has the responsibility of looking after the consumers' interests on the U.S.A. Agriculture Adjustment Administration Board, quite recently stated as follows:

"We will report on what the people on the farm are having to pay for the goods which they must purchase. This will be an index of all kinds of commodities. It will help us to measure improvements in the farmers' buying power. We get nowhere if we hand the farmer a few more pennies for his wheat, or cotton or corn, if he has to pay them all out again for the bare necessities he has to buy."

The Searle index is exactly the kind of report and index which Mr. Howe has in mind.

A study of our index, month by month, we believe will reveal the important necessity of correcting the maladjustment that has taken place in price between things they have to

Baby Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Satre Died, Sept. 21

On Thursday, September 21st, the death took place of little Hilma Lorraine, 21-months-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ludwig Satre, of the Irma hospital. Hilma had been suffering for some time with whooping cough but was not thought to be dangerously ill until she had a coughing spell, partially losing consciousness. She was immediately rushed to St. Anne's hospital, Hasty, for medical attention, where her death took place on Thursday morning, due to the bursting of a blood vessel while having a severe spell of coughing. Hilma was the youngest of a family of three, leaving one brother and one sister, besides her parents, to mourn their sad loss.

The funeral service was held in the Lutheran church, north of Loughheed, on Saturday, September 23rd, Rev. Mr. Saugen, of Viking, conducting the service. Interment took place in the Lutheran cemetery adjoining the church.

The floral contributions were many and beautiful. The following is a list of the contributions:

Daddy, mother, brother and sister; Grandma Christenson and Uncle Hans; Mr. and Mrs. O. Christenson and Audrey, Jarow; Mr. and Mrs. A. Christenson and family, Loughheed; Mr. and Mrs. E. Johnson and family, Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Fuder and Clifford, Mr. and Mrs. O. Fuder and family, Mr. and Mrs. M. T. Knudson and family, Mr. and Mrs. S. Johnson and Mrs. Fletcher, Mr. and Mrs. F. Weiss and family, Mr. and Mrs. Art Long, Harry, Nora and Marion, Mr. and Mrs. W. Erickson, Mr. and Mrs. S. Dawson and family, Mr. and Mrs. J. Ostad and Clara, Mr. N. Fluevåg and family, Mr. and Mrs. J. Hearn and family, Irma; Mr. and Mrs. Pendleton and family, Mrs. T. L. Napier, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Snerthun, Mr. and Mrs. A. Berg and children, Loughheed; Mr. and Mrs. O. Bethge and children, Irma.

KINSELLA KERNELS

Kinsella, Sept. 28.—A shower was held in the United Church on Thursday last for Miss Elizabeth Beschell, a bride of the near future. It was a very pleasant social afternoon and the honored guest received a very nice lot of gifts.

Snow flurries were plentiful here on Monday, but not enough to stop the threshing.

Mrs. E. C. Williams spent a couple of days in Edmonton last week as her daughter, Miss Dorothy Williams underwent an operation in the Misericordia hospital on Thursday morning. We are glad to report that she is doing as well as can be expected and her many friends hope for her speedy recovery.

We understand that Mr. Bruce Davis is opening up his barber shop again in the pool room on the first of the month.

Mr. Frank Murray shipped a carload of cattle and hogs to Edmonton on Tuesday.

Rally day was observed in the church here on Sunday last. A short program was given by the children; there was special music for the church service also; a solo by the pastor, Mr. Griffith, and a selection by the male quartette.

Mr. John Smith spent a few days in Edmonton last week.

Mr. E. Sutherland is a patient at the Viking hospital.

Mrs. Boyd, of Holden, called on Mrs. R. L. Eaton on Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Murphy and son, of Edmonton, spent the week-end here with her husband, who is engineer on the Brown hoist.

will do. (On Sept. 26th at Ottawa the Dominion Tariff Board will consider the duties on imported goods. Our Index reveals that woollen goods cost the Western farmer, on the average, now 20 per cent more than they did in 1914. Woollen socks cost 64 per cent more).

All in all these considerations seem to reveal the simple truth as consistently preached by the economist, that it is the quantity of goods, commodities and services that are exchanged between people that brings prosperity, welfare and satisfaction; that it is the amount of food, clothing, warmth and shelter, education, pleasures and enjoyments and other amenities of life which the farmer exchanges for his wheat that is really of importance to him, and not the price per bushel only which might be high, yet under certain circumstances bring, very few of these necessary things to the farming family.

Base Metals Used as Business Barometer

Montreal, Que., September.—Among the various business indexes upon which economists base their deductions and prognostications, none occupy a more important place than base metals. Latest figures available in this respect show, comparatively, the tremendous growth which industry has made in Canada during the last decade and they also indicate the low level to which world commerce had dropped, states the Industrial Department of the Canadian National Railways. Taking the production of copper, lead and zinc in Canada during the decade 1922 to 1932, Canada increased her production of copper 4.95 per cent, lead 282 per cent, and zinc 310 per cent. Lead mining in Canada is concentrated in one mine at Kimberley, B.C., which accounts for 98 per cent of all the lead mined in the Dominion. Nickel, which is a product of the steel-alloy age, exemplifies the extent to which world trade had fallen. Canada exercises practically a monopoly in nickel production and therefore, Canadian figures can be taken as a gauge in this regard. Comparing the year 1932 with 1929 there has been a decline of 72.4 per cent in production. Comparing the 1932 with 1931 level, production fell off nearly 54 per cent. With world trade recovery under way the production of copper, lead and zinc and nickel should show corresponding increases.

Expect No Delay In Brownlee Hearing

Early hearing of the seduction action entered in supreme court Friday last against Premier Brownlee is expected.

This move is indicated, it is pointed out, in the premier's statement issued upon leaving the contents of the statement of claim.

In this case the plaintiffs are A. D. MacMillan, assistant locomotive foreman at Edson, and his daughter, Miss Vivian MacMillan, 21, employed in the attorney-general's department. Their counsel is Neil D. Maclean, K. C., of this city.

N. M. Porter, K.C., of Calgary, the premier's counsel, arrived here Saturday, but had no statement to make with regard to the case, or plans of defence. A. L. Smith, K.C., also of Calgary, is acting with Mr. Porter.

F.U.A. ENDORSERS BROWNLEE

Calgary, Sept. 23.—Confidence in Premier Brownlee was expressed in a resolution passed by the executive of the United Farmers of Alberta in session here Friday evening.

Labor Body Rejects C.C.F. at Recent Trades Congress

Windsor, Ont., Sept. 23.—Endorsement of the principals of the Co-operative Commonwealth Federation was rejected by the Canadian Trades and Labor Congress Saturday, after a keen debate.

R. J. Fallon of Montreal apparently expressed the majority view when he declared the workers "should not be tied to the tail of anyone's kite."

Tendency Toward a Canada NRA Is Seen

Toronto, Sept. 23.—Canadian labor and industry Friday viewed a spread of national recovery sentiment in this country and saw these developments: The Trades and Labor Congress of Canada Thursday passed a series of resolutions at its Windsor, Ont., convention endorsing the National Recovery act of the United States and recommended similar action on the part of the Canadian government.

Ottawa, Sept. 23.—Premier Bennett without finally fixing the date is tentatively planning to go West October 8. He expects to deliver a few addresses and these are likely to be before non-partisan bodies rather than gatherings of his political supporters. He hopes to spend about two weeks in the west. The occasion will probably be availed of to confer with the prairie governments regarding the wheat agreement.

CARD OF THANKS

Mr. and Mrs. Satre and family wish to thank very kindly all those who extended their sympathy and help in their sad hour of bereavement. 29p

You be the judge



The International Wheat Agreement

In this column last week reference was made to the speech delivered by Premier Bennett on his return to Canada from the World Economic Conference and International Conference of wheat exporting and importing nations. Important facts, figures and general information affecting the world wheat situation were presented, all of which had a bearing upon and led up to the entering into of an agreement by twenty-one nations vitally interested either as exporters or importers of wheat designed to advance the common interests of all.

Inasmuch as there is no question of more vital importance to the people of Canada, and more particularly of Western Canada, than wheat, we propose to supplement last week's article by a further reference to the subject. Statistics compiled covering a long period of years go to establish the fact that when the wheat producers of the world are prosperous, that is, when the price of wheat is high enough to return a fair profit to the farmers raising it, industry generally throughout the world is likewise prosperous. In other words, wheat is shown to be the barometer of prosperity. Naturally so, because it is the standard food of the great bulk of the human race.

First, we reiterate the terms of the new international wheat agreement: The chief wheat exporting nations, that is Canada, Australia, Argentina and the United States, agree to limit their combined exports of wheat in the crop year August 1, 1933, to July 31, 1934 so that the total world exports of all countries shall not exceed 260,000,000 bushels. Of this amount Canada's export allotment is 200,000,000 bushels.

These four countries further agree that during the following crop year August 1, 1934, to July 31, 1935, they will limit their exports of wheat to maximum figures 15 per cent. less than the average yield and average acreage sown during the period 1931-1933 inclusive.

The minor wheat exporting countries, that is Bulgaria, Hungary, Roumania and Yugoslavia agree to limit their combined wheat exports in both the crop years 1933-34 and 1934-35 to 50,000,000 bushels.

While Russia entered into no definite agreement as to restrictions on either production or exports it did agree to enter into further negotiations governing exports.

On the other hand, the importing countries:

(1) Agreed not to encourage any increase in the area sown to wheat in their respective countries.

(2) Agreed not to take any governmental measures the effect of which would be to increase the domestic production of wheat.

(3) Agreed to adopt every possible measure to increase the consumption of wheat.

(4) Agreed to the removal of measures which tend to lower the quality of breadstuffs, and thereby decrease the human consumption of wheat.

(5) Agreed to lower their customs tariffs on wheat when the world price reaches and maintains for a specified period an average fixed price.

Finally, an international Wheat Advisory Committee was set up, representative of both exporting and importing countries, to watch over the working and application of this agreement.

Such is the new international agreement governing wheat production and export. It is one concrete outcome of the World Economic Conference. Whether it will prove practical in operation and satisfactory in its results time alone will disclose.

It involves the export of less wheat on the part of Canada than was hitherto the case in normal years. Consequently, it involves the raising of less wheat, and the putting of a stop to further increases in wheat acreage and production. For the crop year 1934-35 this reduction is set at 15 per cent. below the average for 1931-33.

Admittedly, the Dominion Government can restrict exports to any figure it may like. That is entirely within its control. But how can that Government limit production? In the United States it is being attempted by paying a bonus to farmers to reduce their wheat acreage, the said bonus to be paid out of a fund created by imposing a special tax on all wheat consumed in the United States. In other words, compensation is being offered the U.S. farmer. It is reported that Ottawa that this idea does not meet with favor nor find much support there.

It is further reported from Ottawa that the Federal Government does not intend to apply any compulsion to bring about a 15 per cent. reduction in wheat acreage, but will run an educational campaign among farmers designed to encourage and bring about a voluntary reduction by them. Will the farmers respond to such a campaign? And if certain farmers are willing, and certain farmers are not, what will the result be? If one farmer reduces 15 per cent. and another increases 15 per cent. the country will be in exactly the same position. If one set of farmers decline to reduce 15 per cent., even if they do not increase their production, it means that another set of farmers would have to reduce 30 per cent. in order to bring about an average 15 per cent. reduction.

Then, it is to be noted, that the 15 per cent. reduction in 1934-35 is to be from the average yield and acreage sown in 1931-33 inclusive. But tens of thousands of Western farmers and millions of acres of land produced little or nothing in these years. They must be allowed to produce as largely as possible in 1933-34 and 1934-35 in order to recoup their heavy losses in these disastrous years. If they are to do so, and at the same time the total production is to be reduced by 15 per cent., it seems inevitable that those farmers who had fair crops in the period 1931-33 must decrease their future production by very much more than 15 per cent.

And what, it will be asked, is to be done with the acreage taken out of wheat production? Can our farmers afford to work it and allow it to lie fallow? They cannot afford to let it run to weeds. Will the result not be to devote it to other grains with the inevitable result of large surpluses of such grains over and above domestic and export demands?

Without attempting to speculate on the effect which weather conditions will inevitably have on the success or failure of the proposed plan of restriction, and which of course are beyond all human control, one further question arises: If production is not decreased while at the same time exports from Canada are restricted, and as a consequence surpluses pile up on the farms or huge carry-overs are built up in the elevators, what will the effect of such surpluses have upon the world prices? It is admitted that the present large carry-overs have depressed and continue to depress prices. What hope is there of a rise in international prices, and a consequent lowering of tariffs by importing countries, if available wheat supplies are not limited to demand?

Then, too, there is the question as to the effect this new international agreement, with its provision for reductions of customs duties by importing nations when the price rises, upon the existing agreement between Great Britain and Canada, whereby British imposes a duty on foreign-grown wheat while admitting our wheat free. The effect of this is to depress the price of foreign wheat, yet the price of foreign wheat must rise in world markets before the provision of the new international agreement becomes operative under which the importing nations undertake to reduce their customs tariffs against wheat, that of Canada included.

Summer Complaint Plays Havoc With the Bowels

Few people escape an attack of summer complaint. It may be slight or it may be severe, but both the young and the old are liable to it during the summer months. You cannot tell when it seizes you how it is going to end. Let it run for a day or two and see how weak and prostrate it will leave you.

On the first sign of an attack of any looseness of the bowels take a few doses of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry and see how quickly it will give relief. Manufactured only by The T. Millburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Carnivorous Plants

Trap Insects With Lightning-Like Rapidity In Snapping Maws

New light was cast on mysterious workings of the snapping maws of carnivorous plants. Prof. F. E. Lloyd, president for 1932-33 of the Royal Society of Canada, in his presidential address to the botanical section of the British Association for the Advancement of Science, recounted his observations of a type of plant that smashes its food from air or water.

The professor of botany at McGill University, Montreal, contributed a highly technical paper which he labelled a continuation of his review of carnivorous plants.

The address set out the details of the structure of the "door" which the flesh-eating aquatic or terrestrial plant slams shut on such unfortunate mail insects as may come wandering within reach. Super-speed-motion pictures, Prof. Lloyd related, had disclosed the hungry bladderwort closing the fatal door in 1-160 second and closed it in 1-200 second, completing the whole operation inside 1-40 second. Included in the 75 types in Prof. Lloyd's summary was the purple bladderwort found growing in the vicinity of Montreal.

Old Newspaper Changes Hands

Selkirk Record Was Founded 48 Years Ago

The Selkirk Record, weekly publication, founded 48 years ago on by the late James Stewart and carried on by his son, Robert, has been sold by his daughter, Mrs. Margaret I. Coleclough, to Charles A. Crowder, who has been a member of the Record staff for the past ten years, and W. H. G. Taylor. The management of the paper has been in the hands of Mrs. Coleclough for six years, owing to her father's illness, part of the time, and his active engagement with another newspaper enterprise in the eastern part of the province. The new owners announce a policy of independence in politics.

Should Have Foreseen Slump

Expert Thinks Managers Of Banks Were "Extremely Blind"

Managers of central banks throughout the world were "extremely blind," in not foreseeing the approaching depression some years ago, the royal commission on banking was told at Toronto. It did not follow that it was impossible to secure a Canadian of sufficient ability and vision to head such an institution in Canada.

This viewpoint was expressed by A. J. Glazebrook, special lecturer in banking at the University of Toronto, in answer to questions by Sir Thomas White, a member of the commission.

Saskatchewan Lumber Cut

Report For Last Year Gives Amount As 28,818,140 Feet

Although the amount of lumber cut in Saskatchewan during 1932 was considerably less than for the previous year, the majority of mills managed to operate at least part time, according to a bulletin of the department of railways, labor and industry. The total number of saw mills in operation in 1932 numbered 103. Thirty-four mills including some of the larger mills did not operate. The total amount of lumber cut by the operating mills was 28,818,140 feet board measure.

Willing To Help

For months he had been her devoted admirer. Now, at long last, he had screwed up sufficient courage to ask her the most momentous of all questions.

"There are quite a lot of advantages in being a bachelor," he began, "but there comes a time when one longs for the companionship of another being—a being who will regard one as perfect: whom one can treat as one's absolute property: who will be kind and faithful when times are hard; who will share one's joys and sorrows."

To his delight he saw a sympathetic light in her eyes. Then she nodded in agreement.

"So you're thinking of buying a dog?" she said. "I think it's a fine idea. Do let me help you choose one!"

Where Phonographs Are Barred

Phonographs have been barred from Yemen, in Southeast Arabia. The Imam has ruled that anyone having one of the sound producers will be dealt with severely. He also has issued another law imposing a tax on every man who abhors his beard.

Saskatchewan is the world's greatest wheat growing province.

3 MONTHS ON BISCUITS AND MILK

Woman's Digestive Troubles

Everyone who is subject to any form of indigestion should know of this woman's experience. Advice from one who has had such severe attacks is advice worth having. She writes:

"I suffered from indigestion, gastritis and constipation, and was so very ill, I had (on medical advice) to live on soda biscuits and milk for three months. Well, a friend advised me to take Kruschen, and now I am pleased to say my troubles are ended. I can eat and enjoy a good meal without any painful after-effects, my skin is clearer—in fact, quite clear—and there is no sign of constipation. I would advise anyone suffering the same to take Kruschen." (Mrs. M.R.L.)

The immediate effect of the six salts in Kruschen is to promote a natural flow of the digestive and other vital juices of the body. Soon after you start on Kruschen you will find that you are able to enjoy your food without any distressing after-effects. And as you persevere with the "little daily dose," you will see that the relief which Kruschen brings is lasting relief.

Decorative Radiator Caps

Detroit Jury Advises Abolition Of Dangerous Car Adornments

Nude figures, Greek goddesses and long-necked birds whose distorted forms adorn the radiator caps of automobiles may soon disappear in Michigan if the recommendation of a coroner's jury is acted upon by the Legislature.

The jury returned a verdict of not guilty in the case of a driver whose radiator adornment pierced the chest of a 72-year-old man who suffered a punctured lung and died soon after the accident.

The recommendation was made by Coroner Albert A. Hughes when the verdict was announced. It asked that the Legislature pass an act prohibiting the use of radiator embellishments which extend beyond the front of the radiator.

Dr. Hughes said that a number of recent fatalities have resulted because of these decorative radiator caps.

Supplies For Northern Post

Steamer Delayed By Storms Reached Craig Harbor Safely

A sudden fall of the northeast gales that howl over the ice pack surrounding the north pole enabled the Hudson's Bay Company steamer "Nascope" to drop supplies at Craig Harbor, Canada's far-northern port. Wireless messages received at Ottawa by the department of the interior said ice, high seas and driven down held the boats off the harbor only 800 miles from the pole for five days until the storms abated sufficiently on Sept. 7 to permit unloading.

The steamer, carrying supplies to Royal Canadian Mounted Police posts in the Arctic, was at the northern apex of its patrol at Craig Harbor.

Residents Should Know

Lady Outbridge Tells How Newfoundland Is Pronounced

On the Canadian National Steamship liner "Lady Somers," coming up the St. Lawrence recently, newspapermen learned from good authority how to pronounce "Newfoundland." Grant of the people who live there have a right to determine pronunciation, and that Lady Outbridge, wife of Sir Joseph Outbridge, wife of 40 years residence in Newfoundland, is an authority, the way to pronounce it is "New-fund-land," with all the stress on the "land."

For Hot Weather Use

London's commissioner of police is making tests of aluminum hats for policemen. A number of men on duty have been wearing helmets lined with aluminum foil, which is said to make headgear extremely cool. If the tests prove satisfactory aluminum hats will be ordered for hot-weather use.

While a couple in America were playing golf a cyclone destroyed their house. But, after all, they do golfers want with a house?

PILE SUFFERERS
HAPPY RELIEF

Specialty prepared by makers of Mecca Pile Remedies. (See list of Dealers in this issue.)

Order by number from No. 1 to No. 2.

"MECCA" PILE REMEDIES

Up-Side-Down Flying

Italian Ace Describes Feeling In Three-Hour Trip

Sitting in a Chicago hotel, breakfasting on a muskmelon and coffee, Lieut. Tito Falconi told of his experiences in making a new world's record for up-side-down flight. His latest wrong-side-up flight was from St. Louis to Joliet, Ill., a trip that took three hours and seven minutes because of the slow speed rate that this type of flying requires.

"It's a swell feeling when you turn upright again," said Falconi. "It's like getting well after you've been sick."

Asked if a sensation of dizziness overtook him, the swarthy little Italian ace replied, "Ah, no. The only sensation is one of pain because of the constant weight on one's shoulders. In this method of flying the pilot is held in the ship by straps which fasten around the shoulder, and the sensation felt is the same one gets from carrying say, a 150-pound weight in a basket hanging from the shoulders."

The most thrilling experience in Falconi's career, he said, was had on this trip when his right safety strap gave way about an hour out. He was dropped half way out of the cockpit, his goggles were torn off by the terrific wind, and he was unable to see. An added peril was the fact that he did not wear a parachute, its weight being too great a handicap in the suspended position.

Egypt Buys British 'Planes

Said To Be Used In Fight Against Drug Traffic

A firm in Manchester has received an order from the Egyptian government for ten aeroplanes of the Avro 626 type. The type is a development of the "Tutor" type, an order for 300 of which was placed with the firm a year ago by the British air ministry, on the fulfillment of which the Newton Heath works are still engaged.

The type is one on which pilots can be trained in every branch of military flying, including blind flying and bombing.

It is reported that the machines are to be used in the Egyptian government's fight against the drug traffic. The machines are admirably adapted for long-distances, patrol work, and high machine-gun, wireless and photographic equipment, and each carries a pilot and a navigator.

Gas In The Stomach

Gas in the stomach, belching, sour water breath, pain after eating, etc., can be overcome within three minutes if you will take a little Bisulair Magnesia in water after you eat. The ordinary Bisulair Magnesia which you can get at any drug store will correct acid stomach and stop acid indigestion immediately. Try it and see.

Ready For Distribution

Saskatchewan Salt From Simpson Well Placed On Market

The first shipment of Saskatchewan salt, taken from the Simpson salt well is ready for distribution. More than seven years ago a company drilled for oil and about two years ago secured a salt brine deposit. The brine is being vaporized into salt by the Simpson Oil Company.

A well is being drilled about one and a quarter miles east of the salt well, where it is hoped to tap gas, to be used at the salt well for vaporization. With the profits from the salt the company will continue its search for oil in a field that geologists have said has good possibilities for the discovery of oil.

Tea Restriction

Protection Afforded Tea Grower Results In Higher Prices

In April a restriction was placed on tea exports from Ceylon, India, and Java, in order to raise prices to growers, who, for almost four years, had been suffering devastating losses. Higher prices have resulted, not only at the gardens, but also here on our own markets, and many package teas already cost more than they did six months ago. Some of the finer quality brands are as yet unchanged, however, and are, consequently, even better value than at last April.

Many Life-Guards

On the 4½-mile beach which limits the seaside resort to Portsmouth 900 volunteer life-saving guards have just gone on duty. Southsea is the first town to respond to a campaign for safety bathing, following scores of drownings this season.

Kentucky has a postoffice in the town of "Ice."

Ails Well That



Smokes Well

All's well with the pipe, all's well with the smoker when Ogden's Cut Plug is lit and drawing well. Ogden's Cut Plug is a downright fine tobacco . . . cool, mellow and satisfying . . . made for the pipe, made to pack right, to light right and to smoke right. See what a difference it will make in your pipe!

OGDEN'S CUT PLUG

If you "roll your own", use Ogden's fine cut cigarette tobacco and Chantecleer cigarette papers

Foresees Highway From Argentine To Alaska

California Man Confident Road Will Be Built

Motorists of the future may be able to drive from Buenos Aires, capital of the Argentine Republic, to Fairbanks, Alaska, on the International Pacific Highway, according to Ernest McGaffey, manager of the magazine Bureau of the Automobile Club of Southern California.

Mr. McGaffey is confident that the much talked-of British Columbia-Alaska Highway will be built, and that it will be a component part of the international road by means of which it is proposed to link North and South America.

Within the next five years, Mr. McGaffey said, part of this international highway would be completed between Nogales, on the border of Arizona, and Sonora, and Mexico City.

Taking Second Place

The time-honored onion has finally lost its grip on Bermuda. Agricultural statistics for 1933 show that for the first time the Bermuda onion is playing second fiddle to other vegetables in number of crates shipped from the island, tomatoes leading by a score of 30,881 to 20,861. Carrots also passed onions this year with a grand score of 24,890 crates.

Marconi says he can eliminate static from radio. With some programs it wouldn't make much difference.

PATENTS

A List Of "Wanted Inventions" and Full Information Sent Free On Request.

The RAMSAY CO. Dept. 272 BANK ST. OTTAWA, ONT.

In the Famous Green Box

Has a hundred uses. Always have a box in the kitchen.

Appleford PAPER PRODUCTS

W. N. O. 2012

off your food?
Act at once! A sluggish appetite implies a sluggish system. You need Eno's every morning.

TAKE ENO'S FRUIT SALT

OCCASIONAL WIFE

EDNA ROBB WEBSTER

Author of "Jettie," "Lipstick Girl" Etc.

SYNOPSIS

Camilla Hoyt, young and beautiful, falls in love with Peter Anson, fellow student in an art school. She is the adopted daughter of a wealthy family, and he is a poor, struggling sculptor. On their first date Peter spends most of his money to show Camilla a good time, and then decides he must give her up because he cannot stand the financial pressure. A chance meeting, however, paves the way for another date. This time they walk in the park. Camilla tells Peter that she is not rich; or, at least, will not inherit the Hoyt fortune. Peter in turn confesses he is practically penniless. They fall into each other's arms. Together, in the park, Peter and Camilla try to arrive at some plan for the future.

(Now Go On With The Story).

CHAPTER IX.

Camilla lived in a new world, thereafter. Her face glowed with happiness and she walked buoyantly, as if the strength of Peter's arms had entered her body. The austere grandeur of the house that was still her home seemed to her most friendly and intimate, as it had been in the days before she learned that it was not her home and would refuse soon to shelter her.

Seated alone on one side of the long table in the dining room, with Mrs. Hoyt, portly and jeweled and unequivocal at one end, and Mr. Hoyt, grim and silent and critically aloof at the other, Camilla managed a new cheerfulness that surprised her benefactors. Her joy was so abundant that it bubbled over and affected the lives of everyone around her.

She was even more gracious in her social obligations. She discovered new things to like about people whom she had grown almost to detest, and her world reflected her happiness as the evening sky reflects the rosy colors of the setting sun.

Mrs. Hoyt asked no questions, but she was confident that very soon Camilla would disclose her secret. She believed that she knew how to manage girls, having devoted much time to the psychology of adolescence, the reactions of youth to life and analytical character study. She believed that she had prepared herself adequately to handle any emergency in her duties toward Camilla. Beside, she had mothered Camilla for seventeen years.

As a matter of fact, she knew as little about Camilla as the daughter she never had borne. Her knowledge of children always had remained in the abstract, in spite of her experiences with this child. From the beginning, Camilla had managed her foster mother as successfully as Mrs. Hoyt had believed she had managed her foster daughter. With the intu-

tive shrewdness of the diplomat, Camilla had learned to submit apparently to her autocratic rule, to confide naively all that was least important to her, and to live within herself with a secret exultation.

Camilla had been right when she told Peter hers was a dual personality. She had been divided against herself from the day she went to live in the Hoyt mansion. That part of her which was vivacious and rebellious had smoldered and ached, while she obeyed her mother's constant admonitions to speak softly, walk sedately and submit docilely. Fortunately that barbaric element in her nature had not been smothered. Its chastened, cultivated nerve, now awakened by the primitive urge of love, manifested itself in spontaneous laughter, generous impulsiveness and an eager impatience to fulfill her destiny.

Mrs. Hoyt immediately suspected a romance. She watched her with her friends, trying to discover which man had aroused her interest, the girl's attitude betrayed nothing. Her new graciousness was impartial. She arranged special occasions to talk with Camilla alone, making subtle hints that would lead to reluctant confidence. It was not her policy that anything should transpire under her roof in the lives and minds of the people there, of which she did not know every detail.

But even as Camilla deceived her righteously, she had suspected long ago that Alexander Hoyt employed the same defense against his indomitable wife. His thin, straight lips never smiled with pleasure, but Camilla often detected the reflection

turned the world upside down for her. Amelia had approached her, oh, so tactfully and warily, admitting the fact that it was a delicate situation which she was handling wisely with gloves. Which attitude was exactly what Camilla had resented most about the whole affair. Her cold practicality had congealed Camilla so that there was no emotion left in her numbed consciousness; but when Alexander talked with her about the situation, his curt sympathy melted her so that she found herself feeling a kind of pity for him rather than for herself. She even could make some sense of the whole strange affair. It had been Mrs. Hoyt who had started it, impulsively, but it was this silent, unemotional man who reconciled the bewildered girl to the facts.

"You understand, Camilla, that this was not my idea in the beginning, but I want to share the responsibility," he told her quietly. "I should have preferred that you had grown up knowing the truth, but—" he just looked at her, as much as to say that she would understand why his idea had not prevailed. "If we have done you a very great injustice, I'd like to try to make it right, somehow. You have three years in which to adjust yourself before you need to change your position here as our daughter. Will you let me know how I can help you, at any time?"

Camilla had promised that she would and, later, when she had proposed to enter National, at the evidence of Mrs. Hoyt's consternation, she had glimpsed one of his silent messages of approval, she was almost sure. He seldom displayed any interest in her work and so far as



Mrs. Hoyt Immediately Suspected A Romance.

of an inward twinkle in his keen, dark eyes. It even seemed to her that he derived amusement from the very thought that Amelia Hoyt was not getting away with as much as she believed she was. But whatever she believed did not trouble him. His capacity for authority was exhausted in his business and he was well content to give his wife the reins at home.

When Camilla had first lived with the Hoyts, everyone had been amazed that she did not fear his austerity, for he appeared to treat her no differently than anyone else, and everyone held him in awe. But the two martyrs of Amelia Hoyt's tyrannical apparently had discovered a sympathetic bond that is common to all martyrs of the same cause, and without putting it into words or actions had lived by its sustaining power.

The nearest gesture toward paternal affection that Alexander Hoyt ever had displayed for Camilla was when he rarely took her awkwardly upon his knee, as a child, and permitted her to examine his watch or when he shyly smuggled a gift for her under the Christmas tree. He never had praised or humored her, but as she grew older, Camilla was sure that she sometimes detected a flicker of withheld approbation in his eyes.

At other times, when she was reprimanded or commanded by Mrs. Hoyt, she suspected that he was laughing with her at her quiescent submission. Did he, too, only appear to submit to Amelia to save arguments and energy, because opposing her was as useless as hurling one-self against a stone wall?

Years later, he had been the kinder of the two when he had explained to her their plans for her as their temporary ward. Almost, her resentment had caused her to commit some rash act when the woman whom she had accepted as her mother had

she knew, did not take her ambition seriously. But he never opposed her. The situation between her own parents was quite the opposite, she learned when she began to visit in their home. During the fourteen years while she had lost her identity with the Lorenz family, she had gone there occasionally with Mrs. Hoyt, and very rarely her own mother had visited her at the Hoyts.

But she had known them only as a family in which Mrs. Hoyt was curiously interested. She had played with Rose and Frank and Anna and had been at various times, and liked them well enough, unaware that they were brothers and sisters.

Her own father—banned and bullied at the founding by foremen and foremen, become the autocrat at some moment he entered the door. His wife meekly accepted his rule to the letter, impressed the children with his authority and commanded their obedience with the dire threat of, "You'll see what happens when I tell your Pa on you, tonight!" It was usually effective.

Camilla could remember as a child how she had feared to visit at the Lorenz home when he was there. Several times, he had taken her on his knee and chuckled her under the chin and laughed raucously at her frightened expression. At first, she had been kept away from them long enough for her to forget her family elation, but vague memories had stirred in her childish mind and troubled her, every time she saw any of them through the years.

After the revelation of the whole situation, she had gradually fitted together that series of memories and incidents, like a difficult picture puzzle. She loved her own mother with a mingled pity and resentment, but she never was able to think of "Pa" Lorenz as her father. From her modern and sophisticated background of culture, she studied and analyzed him, recognizing an occasional char-

"The prettiest rag rugs I ever saw"

"I feel I should share, with you a wonderful compliment I had on my new rag rugs," writes an appreciative Rivers woman. "A wealthy lady from the City of Quebec was visiting here and saw the rag rugs I had just finished. She was so enthusiastic she had never seen such artistic ones, with such rich, lovely colors. She asked me if I bought new materials to get such beautiful color effects. When I told her I had dyed my old scraps with Diamond Dyes, she simply couldn't believe it. Of course I'm very proud of my rugs. Besides being beautiful, colors, they are fast and washable." In the popular new art of rug making women are finding again the real value of Diamond Dyes for permanent dark colors by boiling. No other dyes make old materials look so new and rich in color, because no other dyes contain so much of the finest aniline colors. For light dainty shades without boiling for lingerie, summer blouses and dresses, use the wonderful new Diamond Tints. All rug stores have both Diamond Dyes and Diamond Tints.

acteristic of her own; but hers had been so refined and cultivated that little resemblance was left.

Henry Lorenz was the kind of naturalized American citizen who liked to call attention to a yard of parked automobiles at the factory and boast with a slight accent, "See them cars—hundreds of 'em? You owns 'em? We all do. Yes, sir! Even laborers in this country ride to work in their own automobiles. You don't see nothin' like that in the old country. Why, a man does well to have black bread and sour milk over there. We have the best of everything here: food and clothes and homes, and our own automobiles—everything. Yes, sir!"

His boast was not so much a testimony of patriotism as it was an indirect praise of his own wisdom in adopting this new country for his own. Camilla had reconstructed that ambition in her imagination. (To Be Continued.)

Build New Bridge

Two Million Dollar Structure For Ladner, B.C.

Construction of the proposed \$2,000,000 bridge across the Fraser River at Ladner, below Westminster, will go ahead shortly under plans of the Ladner Bridge Company, according to information received from the British Engineering company retained to build the bridge. Engineers will leave England for Vancouver within the next few weeks, it is stated.

It is understood financial arrangements for the bridge project have been completed in England.

British Columbia government already has passed an order-in-council embodying an agreement with the bridge company. The city of New Westminster has protested the present project and asked for a royal commission inquiry, but this has been denied.

THE RHYMING OPTIMIST

By Aline Michaelis

AGE SHOWS THE PATTERNS

Age takes away such vivid things: This sense of wonder and of wings. This glad response to morn's gay call. This poignant ache when shadows fall.

This stab of rapture or despair. Age takes, and leaves its calmness there.

Such lessened life scarce seems to live: But age has other boons to give: The gift of quiet, where unrest. So long has ruled the troubled breast: From many yearnings a release, And after care and conflict peace.

Age shows men patterns which they made In those young years when, unafraid Of any challenge, any threat. They knew no menace, no regret. Age points the meaning of the maze They wandered through in carefree days.

HELP FOR TIRED WIVES

Take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

When get tired during these hard times, when you must bear the burden of the family, when the husband comes home with less money in his pay envelope, — it is the wife who must struggle alone with the best of things.

If you are tired, — worn out, — nervous, — if you need a tonic, — take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. What you need is a tonic that will give you the strength to carry on.

Out of every 100 women who report to us that they are benefited by this tonic, 90 say it has helped them to do their best today. — and watch the results.

An Extraordinary Tunnel

Built in England To Test Air Currents For Planes

At the Royal Aircraft establishment at Farnborough, an extraordinary tunnel is nearing completion. It is 24 feet in diameter and it is so arranged that currents of air at speeds up to 200 miles an hour can be blown through it. Its purpose is to enable experiments to be made on aeroplanes. The tunnel is nearly 500 feet in length, but it is made on a curve and housed in a building 230 feet long, 140 feet wide, and 90 feet in height. The wind is produced by fans driven by motors of 2,000 horse-power. In designing aeroplanes it is of the utmost importance to know the air resistance of a particular shape of wings, or body or engine cowling. Hitherto experiments have been made either in actual flight or with miniature wind tunnels. To make them in flight was a risky business, and all dangers will be eliminated by the tunnel. The speed of an aeroplane can be enormously reduced by parts whose shapes are not exactly correct. It has been found that a round strut has an air resistance a hundred times as great as one of a streamline shape.

Little Helps For This Week

"O fear the Lord ye His Saints; for the Lord he is a child receive those who fear Him."—Psalm 34:9.

"Thou openest Thine hand and satisfiest the desire of every living thing."—Psalm 145:16.

What Thou shalt today provide, Let us as a child receive. What tomorrow may betide, Calmly to Thy wisdom leave. 'Tis enough that Thou wilt care; Why should I the burden bear? —J. Newton.

Have we found that anxiety about possible consequences increased the clearness of our judgment, made us wiser and braver in meeting the present, and arming ourselves for the future? If we had prayed for this day's bread and left the next to itself, if we had not huddled our days together, not allowing to each its own task but ever deferring that to the future, and drawing on the future for its own troubles which must be met when they come whether we have anticipated them or not, we should have found a simplicity and honesty in our lives, a capacity for work, an enjoyment in it, to which we are not for the most part strangers.—F. D. Maurice.

League Of Nations In Canada

Radical Re-Organization Of The Society's Work In Dominion

A scheme for radical re-organization of the society's work in Canada in future was adopted at the 11th annual meeting of the League of Nations Society in Canada.

Under the plan, a national council of 30 members from all parts of Canada will be formed. The new president is likely to be some outstanding Canadian and it is intimated may not be a resident of Ottawa.

The new national council is empowered to consider the appointment of a qualified person as chief executive officer of the society to be known as national secretary. This officer also will edit the official quarterly publication, "Interdependence," and have charge of the society's publicity work. A central executive of the council, composed of 10 members, meeting at Ottawa as the continued headquarters of the society, also will be set up. The nominating committee's report is to be given later.

Had Woory For Nothing

Orlin Johnson, chief mechanic for Gar Wood, holder of the Harmsworth speed boat race trophy for the United States, was not feeling quite so happy. He was rather worried. For the first time since he has been riding in Wood boats, he had been unable to find a four-leaf clover. In every previous race, he has worn one of the lucky little plants inside his jacket.

Must Own Gas Masks

Disturbed at the political situation in western Europe, the Turkish Government has decreed that all Turks must provide themselves with gas masks at their own expense and that in every village and bombproof shelters must be built. The government, it was added, would build factories to make gas masks.

An electrically-driven miniature motor car intended for children's use in gardens and private grounds is being marketed in England. The pseudo-auto has all the fittings—gears, self-starter, horn, lamps, accelerator, etc.—of a real auto.

Germany has placed a higher tax on strong beer than on light beer.

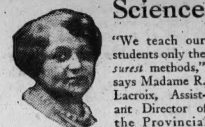


Madame Lacroix's delicious CHOCOLATE LAYER CAKE

1/4 cup butter
1 cup sugar
2 eggs
1 teaspoon vanilla extract
1 cup milk
2 cups pastry flour (or 2 cups and 3 tablespoons of bread flour)
3 teaspoons Magic Baking Powder
1/4 teaspoon salt

Cream butter; add sugar, a little at a time, beating until light; add beaten yolks and flavoring; add flour, sifted with salt and baking powder, alternately with milk. Fold in stiffly beaten egg whites. Bake in 3 greased layer cake pans in moderate oven at 375° F. about 20 minutes. Recipe for Chocolate Icing and Filling is in the Magic Cook Book.

Why Magic Baking Powder is used exclusively at this Montreal School of Domestic Science



"We teach our students only the 'surest' methods," says Madame R. Lacroix, Assistant Director of the Provincial School of Domestic Science, Montreal. "That's why I always use and recommend Magic Baking Powder. Its high leavening quality is always uniform. You get the same satisfactory results every time you use it."

And Magic Baking Powder is the unquestioned choice in the majority of cooking schools throughout the Dominion. Cookery teachers—and housewives, too—prefer Magic because of its consistently better results.

Free Cook Book—When you bake at home, the new Magic Cook Book will give you dozens of recipes for delicious baked foods. Write to Standard Brands Ltd., Fraser Ave. and Liberty St., Toronto, Ontario.



Cash Campaign in Dublin

Merchants Do Not Cash Cheques Or Give Credit

"Pay Cash" is the slogan of a campaign recently started in the Irish Free State which is reported to be bringing money out of hoarding. In Dublin merchants are intensifying the drive by posting such signs as "We do not cash cheques—not even good ones," and "We do not give you credit—even for good intentions."

Relics of agricultural life in Tudor England, are being collected for exhibition purposes at the home of Mary Arden, the mother of Shakespeare.

YOUR LIVER'S MAKING YOU FEEL OUT OF SORTS

Wake up your Liver Bile

—No Calomel needed

When you feel blue, depressed, sour on the world, that's your liver which isn't pouring its daily two pints of liquid into your blood. Digestion and assimilation are being slowed down. You feel nervous and drowsy. You're tired and making you feel wretched. Make your liver healthy and strong. Natural water, laxative candy or chewing gum, or cathartics, can do no good. Get a liver stimulant. Carter's Little Liver Pills is the best one. Take 2 or 3 pills 3 or 4 times a day. After 3 days you'll feel better. Satisfaction guaranteed. 25c at all druggists.

End POT-SCOURING
Improve FOOD FLAVOR!

CANAPARK

Cookery Parchment

brings better, easier, cheaper cooking. Confines odors. Holds full flavors of meats, fish and vegetables. Inexpensive. Each sheet can be used over and over. All dealers, or write direct to

Appelhof & PAPER PRODUCTS
HAMILTON, ONTARIO

Main Street

Dr. Richardson, of Viking, has taken over the dental practice at Irma of Dr. Murray and will from now on visit Irma every Friday where he will continue to work in the rear of the Drug Store.

Mayor Forster, of Wainwright, was seen in town Thursday, on his way to Camrose on business.

Rev. J. R. Geeson was in Edgerton Tuesday and Wednesday attending the fall presbytery.

A large crowd turned out Monday evening to see the picture entitled, "Cavalade," shown by Mr. Kiefer. Irma Hockey Club are putting on a dance in Kiefer's Hall on Friday evening, October 13. Full particulars later. Proceeds to go towards fencing rink.

Miss Helen Tory, of Wainwright, accompanied by Miss Marshall, of Edmonton, visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. N. S. Johnson on Wednesday last.

Miss Nichol, of Islay, Alta., a sister of Mrs. Nelwyn Peterson, is assisting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jack Levitt.

Keep in mind the Roseberry and Alma Matre bazaar and supper to be held at Roseberry School on Friday November 3rd.

Mrs. M. D. Askin left on the flyer Tuesday night for a visit in Ontario. She will stop for a time with her son Robert in Fort William.

It looks as if the weather has cleared at last. A number of machines resumed threshing last Saturday but the majority of them did not start until Monday, the 25th.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Peterson, of the Irma Perennial Gardens, enjoyed a motor trip to Heath, Alberta, on Saturday last with their grandson and his wife, Mr. and Mrs. Nelwyn Peterson. Mr. and Mrs. Peterson visited their daughter, Mrs. Bouck, at Heath, until the following Monday, when they returned to their home. It is four years since they last visited their daughter, which was accounted for by the severe illness of Mrs. Peterson, whose friends will be glad to hear of her improved health.

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Mills, Mr. Aubrey Mills and Miss Clara White, R. N., Edmonton, spent the week-end at the Smallwood home on Strawberry Plains. Mrs. Mills staying for a visit with her parents and brothers.

Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Love, Mr. and Mrs. Jack Wilson and daughter, Shelia, attended the wedding of Mr. Wilson's sister, Miss Helen Wilson, of Edmonton, the first of this week. Miss Helen's Irma friends wish her all happiness and prosperity.

The officers and teachers of the Irma United Church Sunday School were very pleased at the splendid turnout of both parents and children to the annual Rally Day service. All told there were an even hundred in attendance which would be a creditable showing for a much larger town than Irma.

Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Hardy had a narrow escape from serious injury on Friday evening last when returning to Edmonton from Waskiaquin about 8 p.m. Two cars on the point of passing in the dust cloud, did not see Mr. Hardy's approach, the second car running into Mr. Hardy's machine, knocking it with the occupants into the ditch. Mrs. Hardy received some bruises and a severe shock but otherwise they were unhurt. The car was badly smashed and will need a good bill of repairs.

Sheila Bishop celebrated her fifth birthday by entertaining a party of young friends on Tuesday afternoon. Mr. Frank Vansickle, proprietor and manager of the Viking fog farm, was in Irma Tuesday inspecting our local enterprise, conferring with Mr. Locke, and incidentally having dinner with old friends, Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Parke.

M. A. E. Foxwell, local butcher, shipped two carloads of cattle last week to Edmonton and one carload this week to Moose Jaw, Sask. Mr. Foxwell is endeavoring to find a better market for cattle and will make an announcement to the public in the near future.

NOTICE

The Women's Institute will be held at the home of Mrs. McFarland on Thursday, October 5th. Everybody is welcome.

MRS. R. McFARLAND,
Secretary.

NORTHERN ELEVATOR COMPANY LIMITED

Incorporated 1883

OLDEST ESTABLISHED GRAIN FIRM IN CANADA

Offices:
WINNIPEG — EDMONTON — CALGARY

Tomatoes Can Now Be Grown in Ninety-five Days

T. F. Ritchie, Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, Ont., tells of new vegetables of promise as follows:

There has been a great deal of effort made during the past few years on the Dominion Experimental Farms to actually originate and introduce new varieties of vegetables that really have merits surpassing the ones in use for many years.

Corn is a comparatively easy crop to work with and it is simply surprising the improvement made by plant breeding methods. For instance Banting, Gold Nugget, Dorothy and Spanish Gold have taken the place of many of the older white varieties, due largely to earliness, superior quality and yellow color.

Beans are still an important snap crop and it is most interesting to note that the well known Davis Wax bean that was looked upon as one of the best money making varieties has been superseded by an improved stringless strain.

If a very tasty green fleshed muskmelon is desired the Early Knight variety will be found most acceptable. This variety matures very early and grows to a very desirable size for the ice cream trade. The flesh is a very attractive green, rich in muskiness and with an exceptionally fine flavour. As an early maturing green fleshed variety it is unsurpassed.

The value of early maturing tomatoes in certain sections is well known to those who have experienced a desire to grow the crop in their own garden and have the thrill of picking nice ripe fruit fresh from the plants. This is possible even in the short season sections if such varieties as Abel and Alacra are grown. Tomatoes fully ripen can be had from 95 to 100 days from seed sowing, according to the performance of these plants at the Central Experimental Farm where these varieties were originated. According to a report received from the North Dakota Agriculture Experiment Station, Abel tomato led all other early maturing varieties for earliness and yield in 1932.

Where rhubarb pie is relished or sauce of that plant is looked upon with favour, Ruby rhubarb will be found to give the reddest product and require the least amount of sugar of all varieties available.

After all, those interested in vegetable gardening should consult the superintendent of the nearest Dominion Experimental Station regarding the problem of varieties suitable for the locality.

Holiday-Makers Enjoy Outing at Churchill

Churchill, Manitoba.—When Henry Hudson entered the bay which bears his name, in his search for the Northwest Passage and viewed the wastes of water and barren shores, little did he dream that in the same month in which he first entered the bay—August—323 years later, there would be a modern ocean port with a huge grain elevator at the terminus of a railway line from the interior, that a train full of excursionists would be arriving there and that an ocean-going steamer would be unloading cargo from Europe preparatory to taking on a return cargo of grain.

More than 150 persons from all parts of the Prairie Provinces, as well as points along the Hudson Bay Railway, took advantage of the first excursion to the new port, which was operated a few days ago. There were nearly 100 persons from central Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. In addition to these were 40 holiday makers from the Pas, and a number joined these at trading posts along the Hudson Bay Railway.

During their stay here, the holiday makers took trips up and down the Churchill River, to historic Fort Prince of Wales and to Sloop Cove, visited the grain elevator and the S. S. Monkwood and the S. S. Elaine, L.D., tramp steamers loading grain here for overseas markets. Chief among the evening entertainment was a dance held in Harewood's Hall when billiard tables were pushed up against the walls and many of the visitors thrilled to their first frontier dance.

FOUND—ON MAIN STREET, ladies' wrist watch. Owner can have same by proving property and paying for this ad. Enquire E. W. Carter, or Phone 39, Irma.

Viking Items

Miss Agnes Roland arrived from Vancouver, B.C., last week where she has been employed the past year. Don Collier is among the students registering at the University of Alberta this week.

C. F. Degler and son, who recently arrived from Mattoon, Illinois, enjoyed a trip to Banff last week.

Clayde Scott has moved from Vegreville to Hardisty where he will be employed by the Hardisty Dairy.

W. J. Sturgess, purchasing agent for the C.N.R., enjoyed a duck shoot here on Saturday.

Miss Phyllis Collier left on Tuesday for Detroit, Michigan, where she will continue her scholastic studies.

Mr. O. E. Wagner left this week for Hamilton, Ontario, for a visit with relatives and friends.

Mrs. Wybrow, of Killam, boarded the train here on Tuesday on her way to visit friends and relatives in Nova Scotia.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Gotobed, of Falkland, B.C., arrived this week and are guests of friends and relatives in this district.

Those who wish to be included in the voter's list should read the notice in the paper this week that refers to having your name appear on the voter's list.

The many friends of Mrs. Hyslop are glad to learn that she is improving after several days spent at the local hospital.

We understand that Bob and Miss Maxine Darrah will be returning to their studies at the University of Alberta this week.

E. Rands, who has been minister at the United Church during the summer months, is returning this week to his studies at St. Stephen's College, Edmonton.

H. M. Hunter and R. G. Patterson, of the Northwestern Utilities Geological Department, Chas. R. Allen, of the Hudson Bay Co., and C. H. Spencer, superintendent of the N. W. Utilities, Edmonton are making tests of the gas wells in this field this week. Mr. Julian Garrett, general manager, also arrived today to look over operations.

Samples of Oka cherries, grown on the A. G. Bird farm, southeast of town were brought in to this office this week. These have been grown quite successfully on this farm the past two years. They were originally grown on a nursery farm in Manitoba and it is believed that this type of cherry can become one of the small fruits of this province.

E. Rands, who has had charge of the United Church services here this summer, preached his farewell sermon last Sunday evening taking for his subject "Friendship," from which he drew many truthful lessons applicable to every day needs. A social hour was held in the church hall after the service.

H. T. Haydon, residing six miles west of town, brought in a sample of Russian thistle to this office this week. This weed is generally known as the "tumble weed" and has had a foothold in southern Alberta for many years. This weed is a very noxious one and farmers having this type of weed in their fields should take steps towards eradication at once.

Threshing operations throughout Sedgewick constituency are pretty well under way. The rain on Monday delayed several rigs for a day or two but at this writing there is intense activity in all parts of the district.

UNITED CHURCH NOTES

The usual services of the Irma United church will be held at Passchendale, Alma Mater and Irma next Sunday, October 1st.

Please notice the Sunday evening service in Irma will be held at 7.30 instead of 8 o'clock, beginning October 1st.

After the close of the service, the young people are asked to meet to consider reorganization of the Y.P.S. for the ensuing winter.

Thanksgiving Day Fares

Between all points in Canada

SINGLE FARE
for ROUND TRIP

Good going and returning same day, October 9th, 1933.

FARE and one
QUARTER

Good going from 12 Noon Oct. 9th till Noon Oct. 9th. Return leave destination by Midnight Oct. 10th.

Apply Local Ticket Agent

CANADIAN
PACIFIC

Review of Western Markets

Cattle
BEEF—Trading at Edmonton somewhat slower on heavier receipts and large percentage of in-between cattle. Choice heavy steers \$2.50@2.75; choice light \$2.75@3.30; good \$2.50@2.75; medium \$2.25@2.50 and common \$1.25@1.75. Choice heifers sold at \$2.50@2.75; good \$2.25@2.50. Choice cows sold at \$1.50@1.75; good at \$1.25@1.50; medium \$1@1.25; common 75c@91; canners and cutters 50@75c. Choice bulls brought \$1.15@1.25; medium \$1@1.15; canners from 50c up. Choice light calves \$3.50@4; common \$1.50@2.50. FEEDERS—STOCKERS—Market quiet. Feeder steers \$1.50@2; stock steers \$1.25@2; stock heifers \$1.25@2, and stock cows from 75c@1.25.

Hogs
Edmonton prices also declined. Bacon quoted at \$5.70; select \$6.20; butchers \$5.20, fed and watered. Edmonton market shows lambs easier. Yearlings \$1.50@2.50; ewes \$1@2; lambs \$2@3.75.

Cream
CREAM—Quotations unchanged: Special, 12c first, 10c second, 7c at country points, and 2c higher with centralizers. Receipts showing steady decline with considerable loss since first of month.

Poultry—Eggs
POULTRY—Receipts fairly heavy, but quality lacking. Both fowl and chicken are thin and shippers advised to fatten before marketing. Demand not over-active. Hotels and restaurants chief purchasers, with butcher shops and housewives only taking odd birds. Prices steady: Fowl, No. 1, over 4 lbs., 6@7c; No. 1, under 4 lbs., 5c; No. 2, 3c. Springers, No. 1, 8@9c; No. 2, 5c. EGGS—Quotations advanced 2c on Monday. Extras now 14@15c; firsts, 12c; seconds, 7@8c. Receipts very light as birds ending summer laying period and country consumption increased since harvesting started. Some withdrawals from storage. Demand not good.

Hay—Feed Oats—Greenfeed
HAY—Very few carload lot offerings, and demand quiet. Prices

steady: Upland \$7; timothy \$7@8 per ton on track at shipping point. Calgary oats hay market finds good demand but light offerings. Upland baled, \$10@11; loose, \$10 per ton delivered. FEED OATS—Trade quiet with prices steady at 25@26c per bushel. Offerings only arriving as required. GREENFEED—Good demand, but receipts on light order. Price steady at \$8 per ton delivered.

Hides
HIDES—Deliveries showing improvement, with the quality good; prices unchanged.

NOTICE

In the Estate of JANET WALKER, late of the Village of Irma, in the Province of Alberta, Married Woman, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having claims upon the estate of the above named Janet Walker, who died on or about the 18th day of July, A.D. 1933, are required to file with William Walker, of Irma, Alberta, Administrator of the said Estate, by the 27th day of October A.D. 1933, a full statement duly verified of their claims and of any securities held by them, and that after that date the administrator will distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which notice has been so filed or which have been brought to their knowledge.

DATED this 26th day of September, A.D. 1933.

CLIFTON G. PURVIS,
Solicitor for the Administrator.

Alberta had, according to the 1931 census, a total of 41,310 head of purebred cattle in that year, compared with 40,963 in Saskatchewan, 17,919 in British Columbia, and 23,963 in Manitoba. Alberta was third among all the provinces in this respect, and third also in numbers of purebred sheep, being led only by Ontario first and Quebec second.

Calgary's Popular Priced Hotels
HOTEL YORK
EVERYTHING NEWEST
RATES from \$1.50 to \$2.50
FREE GARAGE COFFEE SHOP
—ALSO OPERATING—

HOTEL ST. REGIS
RATES: \$1.00; BATHS \$1.50 Weekly and Monthly Rates.

An Agricultural Research Department ...
Under the direction of Major H. G. L. Strange former World's Champion Wheat Grower of Fenn, Alberta, is maintained for the benefit of all farmers.

Write for any information desired relating to improvement in seed growing

SEARLE GRAIN COMPANY LIMITED
WINNIPEG, MANITOBA
Country Elevators throughout the Prairie Provinces, Terminals at Fort William, Ont. and New Westminster, B.C.

Winter Feeding Quarters Wanted

FOR CATTLE, SHEEP AND HORSES

Farmers who are in a position to feed and shelter cattle, sheep or horses from the drought area for the coming winter are asked to write at once, giving full particulars, to

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
Edmonton, Alta.

A CLEAR-CUT FACT

Grain-growers can best serve their own ends by giving their support to the Alberta Pool Elevators. Nothing can take the place of a truly co-operative elevator system.

Alberta Pool Elevators

Irma Times

Published Every Friday by the Times Publishers, Irma, Alberta.
E. W. CARTER, Local Editor

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Want Ads, per insertion.....25c
Stray or Strayed, 3 issues for.....\$1.00
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Irma, Alberta

CLIFTON G. PURVIS

Barriester, Solicitor & Notary Public
Viking Phones: Office 7, Res. 30.
Irma Phone: No. 37.

Visits W. Masson's Office, Irma, Every Friday.

J. W. STUART

Licensed Auctioneer
For Sale Dates in Irma District
See W. Masson, Irma
Wainwright, Alberta

WILLIAM MASSON

Notary Public
Loans, Real Estate, Insurance
Irma, Alberta

IRMA LODGE No. 56

Hold their Regular Meeting Every First and Third Tuesday of Each Month in the I. O. O. F. Hall
Visiting Brothers Always Welcome.
A. O. Lovig, Secretary, Irma.

IRMA L. O. L. No. 2664

Meets the last Thursday in Each Month at 8 p.m.
Worshipful Master J. Jackson
Recording Secretary, Carl Finch
Visiting Orangemen always Welcome

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